

KHULNA UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

Department of Mechanical Engineering

B. Sc. Engineering 4th year 2nd Term Examination, 2013

ME 4085

(Servomechanism & Control Engineering)

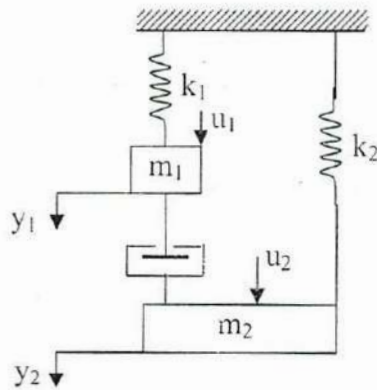
Time: 3 Hours.

Total Marks: 210

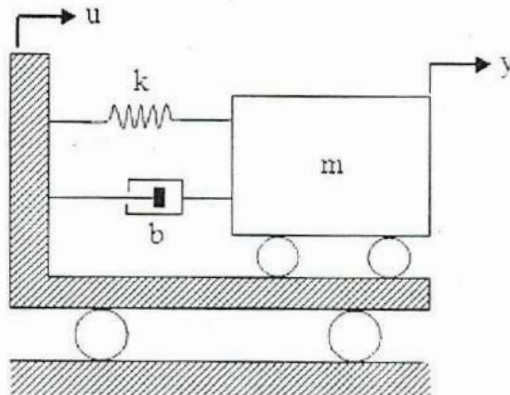
- N.B. i) Answer any THREE questions from each section in separate scripts.
 ii) Figures in the right margin indicate full marks.
 iii) Assume reasonable data if any missing.
 iv) Necessary Charts/Tables may be supplied on request.

SECTION - A

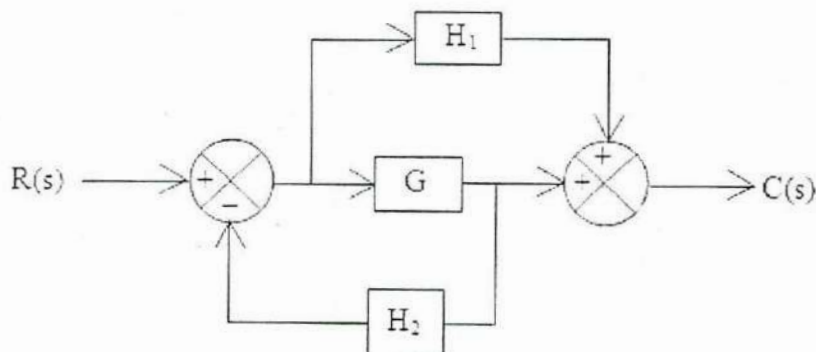
- 1(a) Define system, command input, reference selector, reference input, and actuating signal. 10
- 1(b) Define open-loop and closed-loop control systems. What are the advantages and disadvantages of closed-loop control systems over open-loop control systems? 12
- 1(c) What is servo mechanism? Derive the system equations of dc and ac servomotors. Which one is superior in performance and why? 13
- 2(a) Obtain the state-space representation of the mechanical system shown in figure below, where, u_1 and u_2 are the inputs and y_1 and y_2 are the outputs. 12



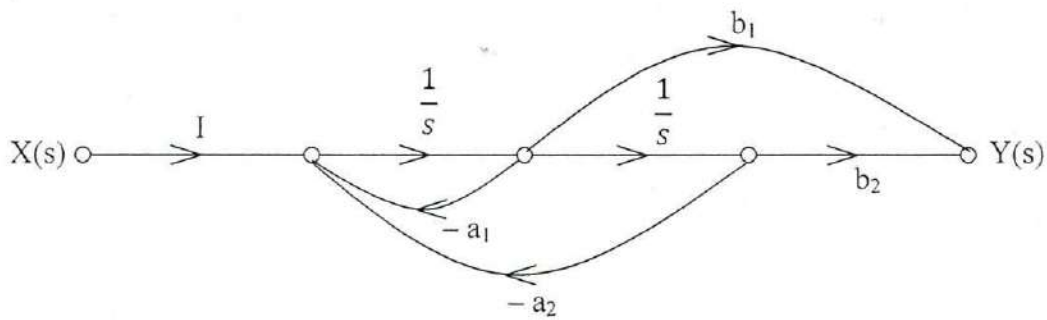
- 2(b) Obtain the transfer function of the following spring-mass dashpot system mounted on a cart. 12



- 2(c) Simplify the block diagram shown in figure below. Obtain the transfer function relating $C(s)$ and $R(s)$. 11

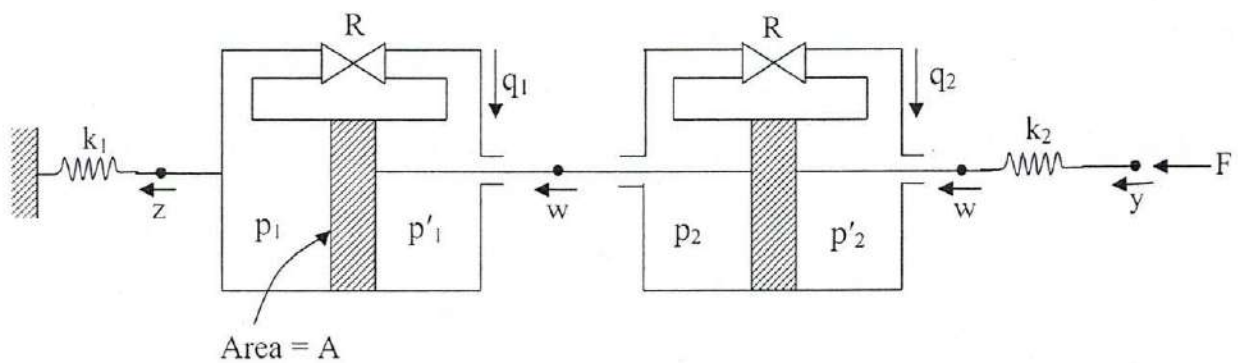


- 3(a) Obtain the transfer function $\frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$ of the system shown in figure below. 12



- 3(b) Give a brief comparison between pneumatic systems and hydraulic systems. 12

- 3(c) Derive the transfer function $\frac{Z(s)}{Y(s)}$ of the hydraulic system shown in figure below. 11
Assume that the two dashpots in the system are identical ones.



- 4(a) Deduce the expression for step, ramp and parabolic error coefficients for Type 1 system. 10

- 4(b) Consider the characteristic equation of a system, $S^4 + 2S^3 + (4 + K)S^2 + 9S + 25 = 0$; 12
determine the range of K for stability.

- 4(c) Draw a signal flow graph for the following state and output equations: 13

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ -3 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = [0 \quad 1 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

SECTION - B

- 5(a) What are break-in and break away points in a root locus? What is their significance? 10

- 5(b) Sketch the bode diagram, representation of the frequency response for the following 25
transfer function.

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{30(s+8)}{s(s+2)}$$

- 6(a) Define gain and phase margins. What are the minimum and non-minimum phase 10
transfer functions?

- 6(b) A unity feedback control system has the following transfer function 25

$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+3)}{s(s^2+4s+10)}$$

Sketch the root locus for the system for positive gain. Comment on the system for positive gain.

- 7(a) Discuss briefly the action of P, PI and PID controller. 10
- 7(b) Briefly discuss about Fuzzy logic controller and programmable logic controller with proper diagram. 10
- 7(c) Discuss the interconnected power system and its development in Bangladesh. 08
- 7(d) Write down the state space representation of the following system 07

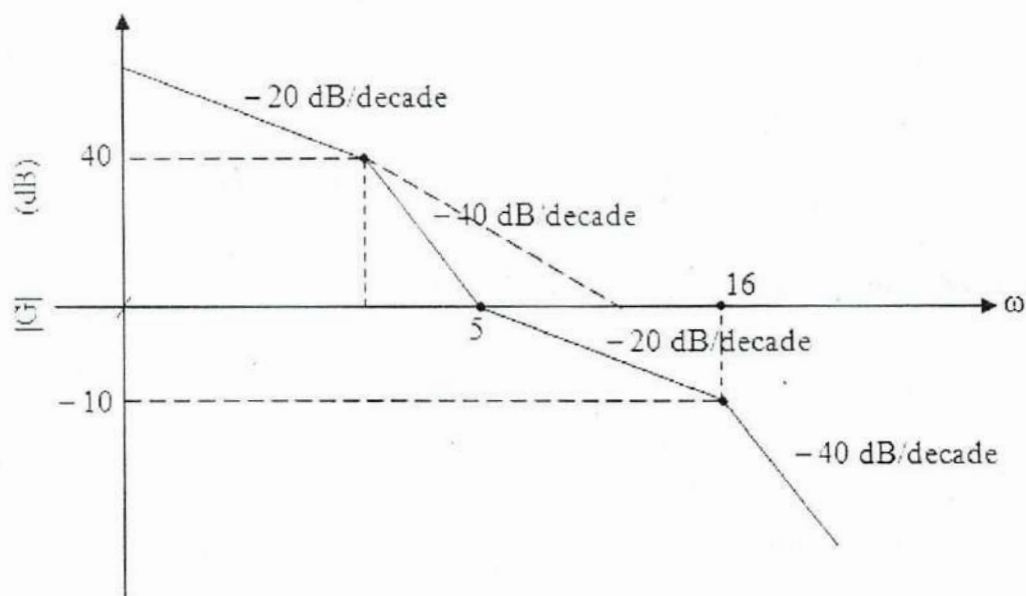
$$\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} + 5\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + \frac{dy}{dt} + 7y = u(t)$$

- 8(a) Define controllability and observability. State whether the following system is controllable and observable. 12

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ -2 & 3/2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = [0.8 \quad 1] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 8(b) Evaluate the transfer function that corresponds to the following log magnitude curve. 12



- 8(c) How can you convert an unstable system to a stable system? 07
- 8(d) Explain Nichols chart. 04

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